Medical Conditions

Medical Conditions Resulting in High Probability of Developmental Delay and DSCC Screening **Information**

Not Listed later	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Children with medical conditions which are not listed may be determined eligible for EI services by a qualified family physician, pediatrician or pediatric subspecialist (pediatric neurologist, geneticist, pediatric orthopedic surgeon, pediatrician with special interest in disabilities) who provides written verification that the child's medical condition is associated with a high probability of developmental delay as listed in eligibility criteria.	Any specific diagnosis alone (except cystic fibrosis and hemophilia) is not eligible for DSCC unless there are associated impairments in the following categories: Orthopedic, nervous system, cardiovascular, external body, hearing, organic speech disorders, inborn errors of metabolism leading to severe neurological, mental and physical deterioration, eye and urinary system.

Anomalies of Central Nervous System	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Spina Bifida/Myelomeningocele	DSCC eligible.
Spina Bifida with Hydrocephaly	DSCC eligible.
Encephalocele	DSCC eligible.
Hydroencephalapathy	DSCC eligible.
Microencephaly	Not DSCC eligible.
Congenital Hydrocephalus	DSCC eligible.
Reduction deformities of brain (Absence, Agenesis, Agyria, Aplasia, Arhinecephaly, Holoprosencephaly, Hypoplasia, Lissencephaly, Microgyria)	None of these would be DSCC eligible on their own; treatable motor/orthopedic impairments or seizures could be DSCC eligible for these deformities.
Schizencephaly	Only treatable motor/orthopedic impairments are potentially DSCC eligible.
Anomalies of the Spinal Cord	DSCC eligible.

Birthweight	
Eligible EI Diagnoses Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses	
Birth weight: <1000 gm.	Not DSCC eligible by itself.

Chromosomal Disorders (most common, not to be used as an exclusive list)

Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Chromosomal Disorders (most common, not to be used as an exclusive list)	Syndromes are not DSCC eligible by themselves but may include DSCC eligible conditions:
Trisomy 21 (Down Syndrome)	Not DSCC eligible but typically cover the cardiac and hearing impairments.
Trisomy 13	Craniofacial, limb deformities, cardiac are DSCC eligible.
Trisomy 18	Cardiac impairments would be DSCC eligible.
Autosomal Deletion Syndromes	Not typically DSCC eligible unless causing cardiac, hypospadias or other DSCC eligible conditions.
Fragile X Syndrome	Not DSCC eligible.
Williams Syndrome	Not usually DSCC eligible unless causing cardiac impairments or strabismus.
Angelmann's Syndrome	Seizures, scoliosis and strabismus would be DSCC eligible, if present, for either syndrome.
Prader-Willi Syndrome	Seizures, scoliosis and strabismus would be DSCC eligible, if present, for either syndrome.

Congenital Infections	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Toxoplasmosis Rubella Cytomegalovirus Herpes Simplex with CNS involvement	Only treatable chronic motor/orthopedic, hearing loss and eye impairments (defects of eyeball or eye muscle) are DSCC eligible for these congenital infections.

Neonatal Meningitis		
Eligible EI Diagnoses		
Neonatal Meningitis	Only treatable chronic motor/orthopedic, hearing loss and eye impairments (defects of eyeball or eye muscle) are DSCC eligible for these congenital infections.	

Cerebral Palsy	
Eligible EI Diagnoses Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses	
Cerebral Palsy	DSCC eligible (motor and neuro impairments)

Craniofacial Anomalies (Major)	
Eligible EI Diagnoses Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses	
Craniofacial Anomalies (Major)	DSCC eligible.

Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses	
Cleft Palate	DSCC eligible * (See further instructions on referring to DSCC, listed on last page)	

Disorders of the Sense Organs	
Eligible EI Diagnoses Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses	
Hearing loss of 30dB or greater at any 2 of the following frequencies: 500, 1000, 2000, 4000 and 8000 Hz; or hearing loss of 35 dB or greater at any one of the frequencies 500, 1000 and 2000 Hz; involving one or both ears	DSCC eligible - hearing loss of 30dB or greater at any 2 of the following frequencies: 500, 1000, 2000, 4000 and 8000 Hz; or hearing loss of 35 dB or greater at any one of the frequencies 500, 1000 and 2000 Hz; involving one or both sides.
Visual Impairment	Potentially DSCC eligible (blindness not DSCC eligible) eye muscle imbalance - DSCC eligible.
Bilateral Amblyopia	DSCC eligible when requires forced patching treatment.
Severe Retinopathy of Prematurity ROP 3+	DSCC eligible.
Bilateral Cataracts	DSCC eligible.
Myopia of 3 dioptors or more	Not DSCC eligible.
Albinism	

Disorders of the Central Nervous System	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Hypsarrhythmia	Not DSCC eligible.
Acquired Hydrocephalus	DSCC eligible.
Stroke	Motor and speech problems may be DSCC eligible.
Traumatic Brain Injury Intraventricular Hemorrhage - Grade III, IV	Neither are automatically DSCC eligible but either could cause DSCC eligible motor, speech or orthopedic conditions.
Hypoxic Ischemic Encephalopathy (with organ failure, seizures, renal failure, cardiac failure)	Not DSCC eligible by itself but seizures, renal impairments, cardiac impairments are DSCC eligible.
Unspecified Encephalopathy	Only treatable motor/orthopedic impairments or seizures are DSCC eligible.
Spinal Cord Injury	Only treatable motor/orthopedic impairments are DSCC eligible.
Neonatal Seizures (secondary to asphyxia or hypoglycemia)	Acute seizures are not DSCC eligible.
Central Nervous System Cysts	Potentially DSCC eligible if not cancerous.
Central Nervous System Tumors	Potentially DSCC eligible if not cancerous.
Periventricular Leukomalacia	Not DSCC eligible by itself. If causing Cerebral Palsy, this is DSCC eligible.

Inborn Errors of Metabolism	
Eligible EI Diagnoses Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses	
Inborn Errors of Metabolism	Only those causing physical and neurological impairment and mental retardation, if left untreated, are DSCC eligible.

Neuromuscular Disorders	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Congenital Muscular Dystrophy	Motor and orthopedic conditions are potentially eligible for these conditions.
Myotonic Dystrophy	
Werdnig-Hoffman (Spinal Muscular Atrophy)	
Congenital Myopathy	
Duchenne	

Pervasive developmental disorder / Autistic spectrum	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Pervasive developmental disorder / Autistic spectrum	Not DSCC eligible.

Syndromes	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Syndromes	Syndromes are not DSCC eligible by themselves but may include DSCC eligible conditions:
Comelia de Lange	Orthopedic and craniofacial impairments are DSCC eligible.
Lowe's	Cataracts and kidney problems are DSCC eligible.
Rett	Not DSCC eligible.
Rubenstein-Taybi	Causes DSCC eligible hip dislocation and joint problems.
CHARGE (multiple anomalies)	DSCC eligible: eye, kidney, cardiac, nervous, hearing and external body impairments.
VATER	DSCC eligible urinary, cleft palate and esophageal atresia

Fetal Alcohol Syndrome	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (Not just exposure to alcohol in utero or fetal alcohol effects, but a diagnosis of the syndrome)	Not DSCC eligible, but could cause some DSCC eligible motor/orthopedic impairments.

Orthopedic Abnormalities	
Eligible EI Diagnoses Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses	
Brachioplexus at birth	Potentially DSCC eligible.
Caudal Regression	Not DSCC eligible.
Proximal Focal Femoral Deformities	Potentially DSCC eligible.
Partial Amputations	DSCC eligible.
Holt-Oram	Potentially DSCC eligible.

Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Acquired Amputations	DSCC eligible.
Arthrogryposis Multiplex Congenita	DSCC eligible.
Osteogenesis Imperfecta	DSCC eligible.

Technology Dependent	
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses
Tracheostomy	Potentially DSCC eligible if secondary to structural defect of upper airway and not chronic lung disease.
Ventilator Dependent	Potentially DSCC eligible for IDHFS/DSCC Home Care Program (waiver)

Social Emotional Disorders		
Eligible EI Diagnoses	Eligible/Non-Eligible and/or Description of DSCC Diagnoses	
Attachment or Relationship Disorder	Not DSCC eligible by itself.	

Children with undiagnosed medical conditions or who may require further medical evaluation may be referred for a medical diagnostic evaluation. If you have any questions regarding these eligible medical conditions or medical diagnostic services, please contact your developmental pediatrician consultation contractor.

^{*} Referring to DSCC - Children with cleft palate, orthopedic abnormalities, or other potential DSCC eligible diagnoses associated with physical disabilities are to be referred to the Division of Specialized Care for Children (DSCC) prior to IFSP development. DSCC may provide medical diagnostic support at no cost to the family. Simultaneously Child and Family Connections should complete the intake process as usual. DSCC will determine the type of ongoing assistance they can provide.